

Clinical auditing and quality assurance as tools in the implementation of ALARA in the medical sector

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ALARA for patient protection?



CLINICAL AUDIT

....Reasonably Achievable....

X-ray imaging and nuclear medicine

Limit dose to patient



Provide image quality sufficient for reliable diagnosis

Radiotherapy

Eradicate tumor



Avoid complications of healthy tissues

ALARA for patient protection?



CLINICAL AUDIT

....Reasonably Achievable....

Management of the radiation dose to patient must be consumerate with the medical purpose

Increased attention to QA

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CLINICAL AUDIT

- Proper justification, optimization and quality assurance (QA) procedures are important to ensure the high quality and safety of RADIOLOGICAL (x-ray diagnostics, nuclear medicine and radiotherapy) procedures
- A worldwide tendency to establish quality systems and introduce appropriate quality audits
- In Europe, Council Directive 97/43/EURATOM (the MED directive) introduced the concept of clinical audit for medical RADIOLOGICAL procedures.

Poor understanding and implementation of Clinical audit \rightarrow Special EC project 2007-2008





European Comission Guidelines on Clinical Audit

for Medical Radiological Practices (Diagnostic radiology, nuclear medicine and radiotherapy)

Radiation Protection 159

Available from:

<u>http://ec.europa.eu/energy/nuclear/</u> <u>radiation_protection/</u> <u>publications_en.htm</u>

Clinical Audit ?

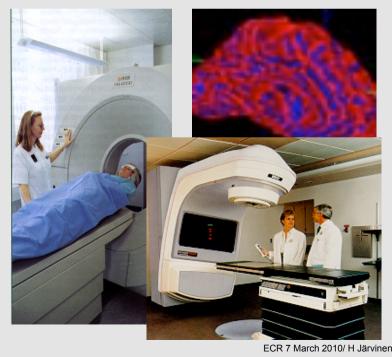


CLINICAL AUDIT

A general term applicaple to any medical practice



MED-directive (97/43/EURATOM) introduced to medical *radiological* practices



Clinical Audit definition EC Directive97/43/Euratom (MED)



Systematic examination or review of medical radiological procedures which seeks to improve the quality and the outcome of patient care through structured review whereby radiological practices, procedures and results are examined against agreed standards for good medical radiological procedures, with modification of practices where indicated and the application of new standards if necessary

Clinical audit = Tool for the implementation of ALARA



In clinical audit

...radiological practices, procedures and results are examined against agreed standards for good medical radiological procedures...

ALARA:

"working in compliance with the standards for good medical radiological procedures (justification, optimization, ... etc)"

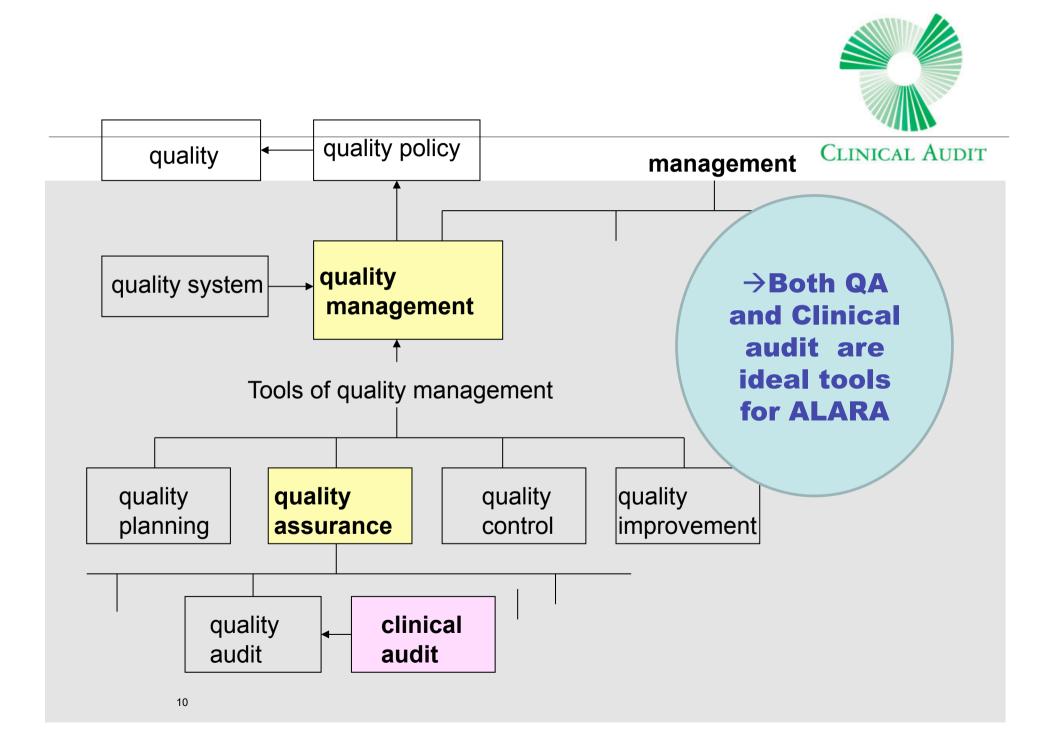
Objectives of **Clinical Audit (RP 159)**

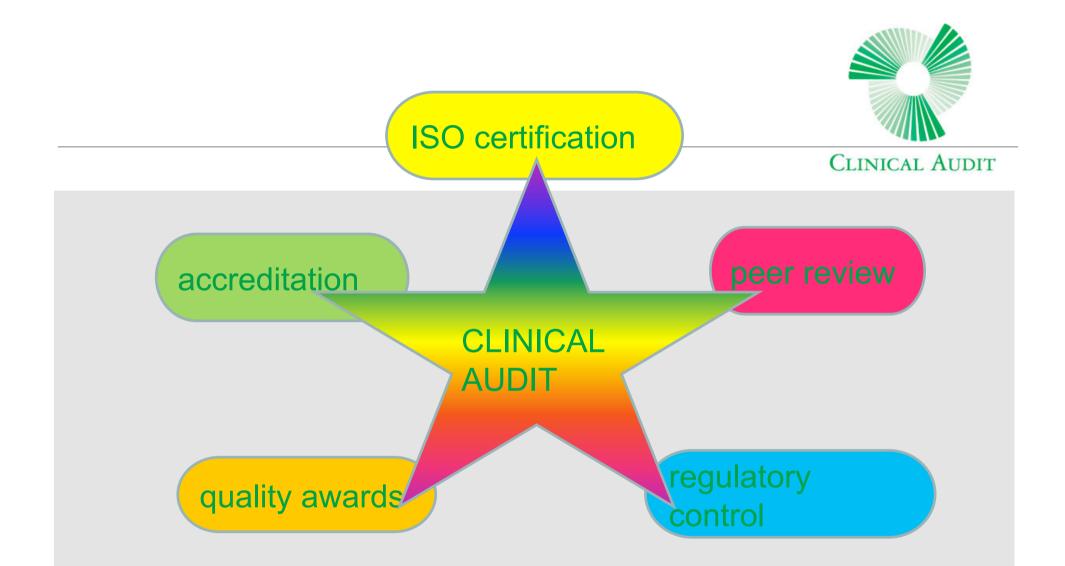


The general purpose of any clinical audit is to

- improve the quality of patients' care
- improve the effective use of resources
- enhance the provision and organization of clinical services
- further professional education and training

With these objectives, clinical audit is an integral part of the overall quality improvement process and should be considered as an integral part of quality management and clinical governance.





While Clinical audit is an important part of the overall QA activities, it should not be confused with other audit and control systems

Marta Bogusz-Czerniewicz

EC Guideline on Clinical Audit (RP 159) Purpose

To provide guidance on clinical auditing for an improved implementation of Article 6.4 of MED (97/43/ EURATOM)

To enable the member States to adopt the model of clinical audit with respect to their national legislation and administrative provisions.









- It is important to recognize that this guideline is NOT a legal requirement.
- According to the MED directive, clinical audits should be carried out "in accordance with national procedures".
- The purpose of this guideline is to give recommendations and highlight some possible "national procedures".

EC Guideline on Clinical Audit (RP 159) Contents



- Basic principles of clinical audit (objectives, coverage etc)
- Topics to be covered
- Criteria of good practice on generic levels
- Interrelation of clinical audit with other audit systems and with regulatory control.
- General advice for practical implementation

EC Guideline on Clinical Audit (RP 159) General principles



CLINICAL AUDIT

 It is obvious from the definition that all grades of staff (all professionals) of medical care must be involved

 It is a truly multidisciplinary, multiprofessional activity.



No-blame environment, confidentiality

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EC Guideline on Clinical Audit (RP 159) General principles



- It should be carried out by competent experts with good experience in clinical practices
- Auditors must be independent from the unit to be audited
- Auditors need specific training on audit techniques and criteria

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EC Guideline on Clinical Audit (RP 159) Internal and external audits



EXTERNAL Should be of equal importance **INTERNAL** and supplement each other **→IDEAL TOOL FOR ALARA**

EC Guideline on Clinical Audit (RP 159)



Clinical audit: Continuous activity for improvement Figure 2 Preferred: **Re-audit** the audit Select a standard summarised as a spiral of repeating cycles. Implement Assess local change practice Goodwin R, de Lacey G, Manhire A (eds). Clinical Audit in Radiology: 100+ Improvement Compare with Recipes, 1996 by or reassurance permission of The Royal standard College of Radiologists →IDEAL TOOL FOR ALARA

EC Guideline on clinical audit (RP 159)



CLINICAL AUDIT

Coverage of clinical audit

Structure:

The physical attributes such as buildings, facilities and staff.

Process:

The care provided by staff i.e. what the staff actually do.

Outcome:

The end result of examination or treatment for the health of patient



EC Guideline on clinical audit (RP 159) Coverage of clinical audit



CLINICAL AUDIT

Scope

- whole RADIOLOGICAL processes (comprehensive audit)
- limited to specific critical parts (partial audit)



EC Guideline on clinical audit (RP 159)



Priorities for RADIOLOGICAL procedures CLINICAL AUDIT

process

- Justification, referral practices
- quality of local guidelines/ optimization procedures
- dose and image quality
- dose delivery to patients (RT)
- quality assurance / control programs
- emergency procedures
- information transfers systems



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Audit of justification



- Justification is a cornerstone ("Gate keeper") of radiation protection and must be among the priorities of clinical audit
- Audit of compliance with guidelines can be a simple and effective tool for improving referral patterns

EC Guideline on clinical audit (RP 159) Practical procedures



CLINICAL AUDIT

Interviews Reviews of documents and data A sufficient Quality Manual must be available Physical measurements or tests

Some indicators of quality are best assessed by comparative measurements or physical





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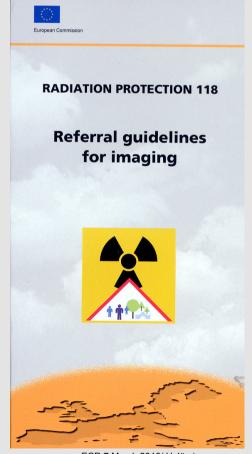
tests

EC Guideline on clinical audit (RP 159)



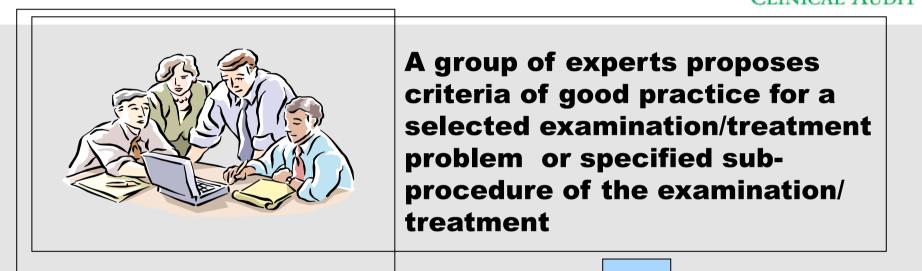
Standards of good practice CLINICAL AUDIT

- Good practice should be based on the most recent considerations of evidence based data, long term experience and knowledge gained.
- Possible sources:
 - Legal requirements
 - Results of research
 - Consensus statements
 - Recommendations by learned societies
 - Local agreement

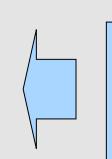


Clinical audit as a benchmarking tool





Results of audit to be compared and used as a benchmarking tool to achieve improved evidence and to adjust the chosen criteria.



Preliminary criteria applied in clinical audits

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Conclusions



- Clinical audit is part of the overall QA activities and a systematic review of the procedures in order to improve the quality and the outcome of patient care
- Clinical audit can have a major impact on developing the medical RADIOLOGICAL practices in compliance with the most recent data on good practices → AN IDEAL TOOL FOR ALARA
- QA is a necessary tool for ALARA, and clinical audit an ideal tool for QA

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ALARA for patient protection? Clarification needed!



....Reasonably Achievable....

Management of the radiation dose to patient must be consumerate with the medical purpose





Guidance for clinical audit

CLINICAL AUDIT

EC Guidelines: RP 159

General Framework for sustainable national systems Basic principles, Basic criteria

IAEA Guides (QUATRO-Radiotherapy, QUADRIIL-Diagnostic radiology, NM) Practical guidance for comprehensive external audits Other existing guides Practical guidance for internal audits/ partial external audits (selected topics) e.g. Audit Live in UK



